

Attached is one of four statements received from State Department employees who worked on the project of removing all evidence of communistic activities, etc., from the files of State Department employees.

July 6, 1950

The following information is given by me freely and voluntarily without any promises whatsoever. I furnish this information because it is the truth and I feel it is my patriotic duty to furnish the facts as I experienced them.

I am living at [redacted]

[redacted] at the present time.

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b7c

In August 1946 I was released from the U.S. Navy in California. I came to Washington, D.C. and while in Washington, D.C. I was looking for a job. I went into the Walker Johnson building, of State Department at 18th & New York Ave N.W. I talked to a fellow in the State Department by the name of Holcombe. I got a temporary clerical job in the files at the Walker Johnson Bldg. These files were the Departmental personnel files located in the Walker Johnson Bldg. I started work on these files in Sept 1946. When I reported for duty I was told that I would be working on a project on these files. This project had been going on for sometime before I started. There were at least 8 persons who were working on this project.

I was not formally and specifically instructed as to what the purpose of the project was, but from what I was instructed by the other clerks, I and the other clerks were to go through each personnel file and pull out all derogatory material from the file. In addition to the

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July 9, 1950

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Visual personnel forms, the files contained all kinds of letters, reports, memorandum concerning the individual person. As per instructions I received, all of the clerks on this project were to pull out of the files all matters considered derogatory either morally or politically.

The project was very confused but I and the other clerks pulled out of each personnel file any material which could be considered derogatory. This material was removed and some was thrown in wastebaskets by us and some was thrown in ~~the~~<sup>PEB</sup> to a cardboard box. I don't know what happened to the derogatory material we pulled out from the files but I do know of my own knowledge ~~that~~<sup>that</sup> a good lot of it was destroyed.

I do not recall details of each personnel file I examined, but the material I pulled out of the files pertained to either the morals of the person or in some way reflected on his or her loyalty. I recall one thick report on one State Department employee who was accused of being a photographer and a member of some subversive organization which published some sort of news report. This was ~~thrown away~~<sup>PEB</sup> removed from the file and disposed of.

I worked from September till the end of December 1946 working on this file project pulling out and disposing of

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July 6, 1950

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the derogatory material as per my understanding given me.

I left on Dec 31, 1946 and this project on the personnel files was still not finished, but my temporary appointment ran out and my employment with the State Dept. ended.

I can't recall who the official in charge of these files was. I met him only once a very few times but I could easily recognize him if I saw him.

I have read this statement of three pages and the facts are true to the best of my knowledge and belief

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b7c

Signed -

Witnessed:

[Redacted]

July 6, 1950.

[Redacted]

New York Herald Tribune  
Thursday, June 22, 1950

## Tydings Asserts F. B. I. Cleared State Dept. Files

Says Check-Up Showed No  
Loyalty Data Tampering  
as Charged by McCarthy

By Raymond J. Blair

WASHINGTON, June 21.—A check by the F. B. I. has failed to substantiate Senator Joseph R. McCarthy's charge that eighty-one State Department loyalty files have been "raped" to eliminate damaging evidence. Senator Millard E. Tydings, Democrat, of Maryland, said today.

Senator Tydings is chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee investigating charges by Senator McCarthy, Republican, of Wisconsin, of communism in the State Department. The loyalty records were made available to the Tydings subcommittee May 4 by President Truman. Senator McCarthy recently charged they had been "raped, skeletonized or tampered with" so that they did not contain all of the relevant material.

Senator Tydings told reporters that upon hearing Senator McCarthy's charge, he asked the Justice Department to investigate. Today he received the department's report, he said, in a letter from Peyton Ford, assistant to Attorney General J. Howard McGrath.

The report said, Senator Tydings stated, that a study by F. B. I. agents had shown the files were "intact" and that all F. B. I. material on the eighty-one individuals involved, whom Senator McCarthy has accused of Communist leanings, was included.

Senator Tydings also said that study of the files would be completed by the subcommittee Sunday night. It was not clear, however, whether this program was acceptable to all subcommittee members.

NEW YORK TIMES  
THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1

## M'CARTHY IS HELD REFUTED ON FILES

Tydings Says F. B. I. Reports  
Dossiers Not Tampered With  
—Group to End Examination

By WILLIAM S. WHITE  
Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Senate investigators will close on Sunday night their two-month examination of eighty-one confidential State Department loyalty files and will return them at once to the Administration.

This was disclosed today by Senator Millard E. Tydings, Democrat of Maryland, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee that has been intermittently reading the dossiers in the White House in its investigation of Senator Joseph R. McCarthy's charges of communism in the State Department.

At the same time, Mr. Tydings asserted that a special inquiry by the Federal Bureau of Investigation had established as false Mr. McCarthy's accusations that the files had been "raped" before being turned over to the subcommittee.

A letter just received from Peyton Ford, First Assistant Attorney General, stated, Senator Tydings added, that a special inquiry made by the Federal Bureau of Investigation produced the following results:

"That the files are intact, that they have not been raped, skeletonized or tampered with in any way and that the material turned over to the State Department by the F. B. I. is still in the files."

"Thus," Mr. Tydings added, "the McCarthy charges are not sustained by the facts." He declared himself unable to give out the text of Mr. Ford's letter because it would disclose the names of some of the persons whose files were under study.

121-23278-240



**Federal Bureau of Investigation  
United States Department of Justice  
Washington 25, D. C.**

*July 10, 1950*

Honorable Joseph R. McCarthy  
United States Senate  
Washington, D. C.

*My dear Senator:*

*I have received your letter dated June 27, 1950 inquiring whether this Bureau has examined the 81 loyalty files which the members of the Tydings Committee have been scrutinizing and whether such an examination by the FBI has disclosed that the files are complete and that nothing has been removed therefrom.*

*The Federal Bureau of Investigation has made no such examination and therefore is not in a position to make any statement concerning the completeness or incompleteness of the State Department files.*

*For your information, the Federal Bureau of Investigation furnished Mr. Ford, at his request, a record of all loyalty material furnished the State Department in the 81 cases referred to. For your further information, I am enclosing a copy of Mr. Ford's letter to Senator Tydings which I have secured from the Attorney General.*

*Sincerely yours,*

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "J. Edgar Hoover", is written over the typed name. The signature is stylized with a large, sweeping initial "J" and a long, horizontal stroke for the "H".

*Enclosure*

*BY SPECIAL MESSENGER*

AMERICAN COUNCIL  
INSTITUTE OF PACIFIC RELATIONS

Members of Executive Committee - 1944

Robert D. Calkins, Chairman ✓

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\* Philip C. Jessup ✓

✓ James L. McConaughy ✓

Lawrence Morris ✓

Mrs. Ida Comstock Notestein ✓

Lawrence D. Seymour ✓

\* Frederick V. Field ✓

✓ Raymond Dennett, Secretary

School of Business, Columbia University  
New York City

International Committee, Y.M.C.A.  
New York City

Catlin Farish Company Inc.

New York City

Professor of International Law

Columbia University, N.Y.C.

United China Relief, Inc.

New York City

Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow

New York City

Former President, Radcliffe College  
Cambridge, Mass.

Dodge & Seymour Ltd.

New York City

Council for Pan American Democracy

New York City

American Council, IPR, New York City

Members of Research Advisory Committee - 1944

\* Philip C. Jessup, Chairman ✓

H. Foster Bain

Rupert Emerson

Grayson Kirk

Benjamin H. Kizer ✓

\* Harriet Moore ✓

Frank M. Russell

Harold Sprout

Eugene Staley

Raymond Dennett, Secretary

Professor of International Law  
Columbia University, N.Y.C.

Mining Geologist and Engineer

Engineers Club, N.Y.C.

Foreign Economic Administration

Washington, D. C.

Professor, Institute of International

Studies, Yale University, New Haven, Conn.

Graves, Kizer & Graves

Spokane, Washington

American Russian Institute

New York City

Professor, University of California

San Francisco, California

Princeton University

Princeton, New Jersey

School of Advanced International Studies

Washington, D. C.

American Council, I.P.R.

New York City

American Peoples Fund, Inc.  
16 West 12th Street

No 34

September 12 1943

Pay to the order of American Council for the Pacific War \$ 2,500<sup>00</sup>

Two thousand five hundred <sup>00</sup>/<sub>100</sub> Dollars

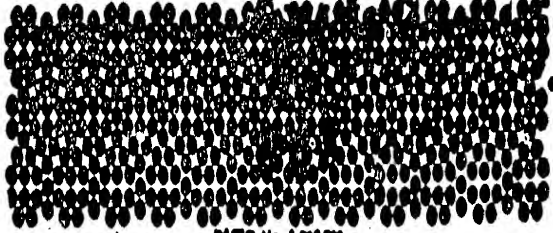
To Madison Avenue Office  
Guaranty Trust Company of New York  
Madison Avenue at 60th Street  
New York, N.Y.

American Peoples Fund, Inc.

*Richard V. Reed*

Page - Prot.

NEW YORK  
SEP 15 1943  
AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR THE PACIFIC WAR  
EXCHANGE BANK  
160 WEST AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N.Y.



PATD No. 1,737,700

PAY TO THE ORDER OF THE  
AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR THE PACIFIC WAR  
EXCHANGE BANK  
160 WEST AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N.Y.



The attached is of some interest in the Jessup case in view of the State Department's press releases to the effect that Ambassador Jessup was only one of 50 trustees of the Institute of Pacific Relations.

The Research Advisory Council, of which Jessup was Chairman, had complete editorial control over the publication FAR EASTERN SURVEY, which concentrated upon selling the Communist Party line on Asia.

During 1943, E. C. Carter technically was in control of the magazine. However, the actual physical control was exercised by Jessup at the time of the Bisson article, which initiated the Communist Party line smear attack upon the anti-Communist forces in China and the lavish praise of the Chinese Communist leaders. The anti-Communist Chinese were referred to him when they objected to the fact that the FAR EASTERN SURVEY was following the Communist Party line on China.

The attached checks represent Communist money paid to support the Jessup publication. It will be noted they are signed by Frederick V. Field, the self-proclaimed Communist who has been named in sworn testimony before the Senate Committee as a Soviet espionage agent. At this time I am unable to supply the photostats of checks paid subsequent to December 1, 1943. The committee has been urged, but has refused, to subpoena Field's complete financial records.

121-23278-240

June 10, 1947

FROM: SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

TO: SECRETARY OF STATE, GEORGE C. MARSHALL

It becomes necessary due to the gravity of the situation to call your attention to a condition that developed and still flourishes in the State Department under the administration of Dean Acheson.

It is evident that there is a deliberate, calculated program being carried out not only to protect Communist personnel in high places, but to reduce security and intelligence protection to a nullity.

Regarding the much-publicized MARZANI case, the evidence brought out at his trial was well known to State Department officers, who ignored it and refused to act for a full year.

MARZANI and several other Department officials, with full knowledge of the State Department, and with Government time and money, promoted a scheme called PRESENTATIONS, INC., which contracted with a Communist dominated organization to disseminate propaganda.

Security objections to these and other even more dangerous developments were rebuffed by high administrative officials; and there followed the substitution of unqualified men for these competent, highly respected personnel who theretofore held the intelligence and security assignments in the Department. The new chief of controls is a man utterly devoid of background and experience for the job, who is and at the time of his appointment was known to those who appointed him to be, a cousin and close associate of a suspected Soviet espionage agent. The next development was the refusal of the FBI, G-2, ONI and other federal investigative agencies to continue the whole hearted cooperation they had for years extended to the State Department.

On the file in the Department is a copy of a preliminary report of the FBI on Soviet espionage activities in the United States, which involves a large number of State Department employes, some in high official positions. This report has been challenged and ignored by those charged with the responsibility of administering the Department with the apparent tacit approval of Mr. Acheson. Should this case break before the State Department acts, it will be a national disgrace.

Voluminous files are on hand in the Department proving the connection of the State Department employes and officials with this Soviet espionage ring. Despite this, only two persons, one of whom is MARZANI, were released under the McCarran rider because of their subversive activity.

1. [REDACTED]
2. [REDACTED]
3. [REDACTED]
4. [REDACTED]
5. [REDACTED]

6. [REDACTED]
7. [REDACTED]
8. [REDACTED]
9. [REDACTED]

are only a few of the hundreds now employed in varying capacities who are protected and allowed to remain despite the fact that their presence is an obvious hazard to national security. There is also the extensive employment in highly classified position of admitted homosexuals, who are historically known to be security risks.

The War and Navy Departments have been thwarted for a year in their efforts to carry out the German Scientist program. They are blocked by one man in the State Department, a protege of Acheson named [REDACTED], who is also the chief instrument in the subverting of the over-all security program.

This deplorable condition runs all the way up and down the line. Assistant Secretary Braden also surrounded himself with men like [REDACTED] and with [REDACTED] who has a notorious international reputation. The network also extends into the office of Assistant Secretary Benton.

SUBCOMMITTEE OF  
SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

American Peoples Fund, Inc.  
15 West 14th Street

No. 7

November 27 1942

Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Inc. — \$1,000.00

100 Dollars

Madison Avenue Office  
Guaranty Trust Company of New York  
Madison Avenue at 60th Street  
New York, N.Y.

American Peoples Fund, Inc.

*Robert V. ...*

Stamp - Print

40  
PAY TO THE ORDER OF  
NEW YORK  
1-45 DEC 1 1942  
NEW YORK

40  
NEW YORK  
ON EXCHANGE BANK

40  
NEW YORK  
ON EXCHANGE BANK

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NEW YORK  
ON EXCHANGE BANK

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NEW YORK  
ON EXCHANGE BANK

Madison Avenue Office  
**Guaranty Trust Company of New York** <sup>1-23</sup>/<sub>2</sub>  
 New York, N.Y.

Frederick V. Field

No. 54

January 22 1942

Pay to

the order of

*Frederick V. Field*

*one hundred*

*00*

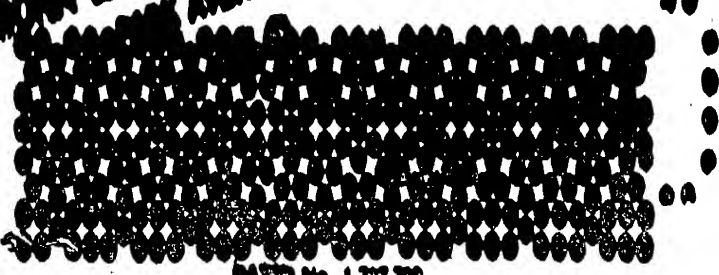
Dollars

*\$1,000 00*

*Frederick V. Field*

Special Account

**PAY TO THE ORDER OF**  
**ANY BANK, BANKER OR TRUST COMPANY**  
**1-45 JAN 28 1942 1-45**  
**OR THROUGH THE**  
**NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE**  
**40 ONE ENDORSEMENTS GUARANTEED**  
**ROBIN EXCHANGE BANK TRUST**  
**MADISON AVENUE BRANCH**



Frederick V. Field

Madison Avenue Office  
Guaranty Trust Company of New York  
Madison Avenue at 60th Street  
New York, N.Y.

Pay to  
the order of

*American Central Bank & Trust Co.*  
*One Hundred Five Hundred*

*\$4,500.00*

PAY TO THE ORDER OF THE  
CITY OF NEW YORK

RECEIVED

DEC 17 1941  
THE ORDER OF  
THE CITY OF NEW YORK  
THROUGH THE  
NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE  
FOR THE PAYMENT OF  
CITY OF NEW YORK  
TREASURY DEPARTMENT  
40

(PHILIP JESSUP)

DATA ON COMMUNIST FRONT ORGANIZATIONS WITH  
WHICH AMBASSADOR JESSUP WAS AFFILIATED.

Source: "Citations by Official Government Agencies of Organizations and Publications found to be communist or communist fronts," Prepared and released by Committee on Un-American Activities, U.S. House of Representatives, December 18, 1948.

AMERICAN COUNCIL, INSTITUTE OF PACIFIC RELATIONS

1. "Cited as a Communist front which received funds from the American People's Fund, another front organized and directed by Frederick V. Field as a repository for funds to be distributed to Communist enterprises."  
(California State Legislature Committee on Un-American Activities, Report 1948, p. 168)

Note: "American People's Fund -- organized and directed by Frederick Vanderbilt Field 'as a repository for funds to be distributed to Communist enterprises.' This 'Communist financial organization has paid out large sums of money to \* \* \* Communist and Communist-front organizations' such as National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Allied Labor News, American Russian Institute, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee."

(California State Legislature Committee on Un-American Activities, Report 1948, p. 168)

COORDINATING COMMITTEE TO LIFT THE SPANISH EMBARGO

1. "Cited as one of a number of front organizations, set up during the Spanish Civil War by the Communist Party in the United States and through which the Party carried on a great deal of agitation."  
(Special Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, Report, March 29, 1944, pp. 137-138)
2. "Cited as a Communist front."  
(California State Legislature Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1947, p. 210)

NATIONAL EMERGENCY CONFERENCE

1. "Cited as a Communist front."  
(Special Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, Report, March 29, 1944, p. 49)
2. "It will be remembered that during the days of the infamous Soviet-Nazi Pact, the Communists built protective organizations known as the National Emergency Conference, the National Emergency Conference for Democratic Rights, which culminated in the National Federation for Constitutional Liberties."  
(Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, Report No. 115, September 2, 1947, p. 12)
3. "Cited as a Communist front."  
(California State Legislature Committee on Un-American Activities, Report 1948, p. 115)

NATIONAL EMERGENCY CONFERENCE FOR DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS

1. "Cited as a Communist front."  
(Special Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, Report, March 29, 1944, pp. 48 and 102)
2. "It will be remembered that during the days of the infamous Soviet-Nazi Pact, the Communists built protective organizations known as the National Emergency Conference, the National Emergency Conference for Democratic Rights, which culminated in the National Federation for Constitutional Liberties."

(Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities,  
House of Representatives, Report No. 115, September 2,  
1947, p. 12)

3. "Cited as a Communist-front organization defending Communists. After the dissolution of the American League for Peace and Democracy in February, 1940, the Communist Party frantically organized a new series of front organizations. The National Emergency Conference for Democratic Rights was one of the new fronts and it was filled from top to bottom with veteran Communist Party liners."

(California State Legislature Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1948, pp. 112 and 327.)

4. "Cited as 'subversive and Un-American.'" (Special Subcommittee of the House Committee on Appropriations, Report, April 21, 1943, p. 3)

AMERICAN RUSSIAN INSTITUTE FOR CULTURAL RELATIONS WITH THE SOVIET UNION  
(Also known as the American Russian Institute)

1. "A direct agent of the Soviet Union, engaged in traitorous activities under the orders of Stalin's consular service in the United States. Founded in 1926 \*\*\*the semi-official status of the American Russian Institute is established." (California State Legislature Committee on Un-American Activities, Report 1948, pp. 169 and 327)

2. "Cited as 'a Communist organization supported by "intellectuals"'" (Massachusetts House Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1938, p. 279)

AMERICAN LAW STUDENTS ASSOCIATION

(Letterheads, which bear Jessup's name as member of Faculty Advisory Board, were printed in Communists print shop and bear label number 209; which is Communist print shop label).

1. The American Law Students Association was affiliated with the American Youth Congress.

- (1) "Cited as subversive and Communist." (Attorney General Tom Clark, letters to Loyalty Review Board, released December 4, 1947 and September 21, 1948)
- (2) "It originated in 1934 and \*\*\*has been controlled by Communists and manipulated by them to influence the thought of American youth." (Attorney General Francis Biddle, Congressional Record, September 24, 1942, p. 7685; also cited in re Harry Bridges, May 28, 1942, p. 10)
- (3) "One of the principal fronts of the Communist Party" and "prominently identified with the White House picket line\*\*\*under the immediate auspices of the American Peace Mobilization." (Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, June 25, 1942, p. 16; also cited in Reports of January 3, 1939, p. 82; January 3, 1941, p. 21; June 25, 1942, p. 16 and March 29, 1944, p. 102)

- (4) "Launched during August of 1934 and for about 7 years \*\*\* one of the most influential front organizations ever established by the American Communist Party."  
(California Committee on Un-American Activities, Report 1948, p. 179)
  - (5) "The purpose of the Young Communist League in controlling and building this American Youth Congress is the same as in its other youth groups, namely, to build up a united front, to push the objective of and produce cadres for the Communist Party among persons to whom they would be unable to make a direct approach."  
(Massachusetts House Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1938, pg. 525.)
  - (6) Cited as "subversive and un-American."  
(Special Subcommittee of the House Committee on Appropriations, Report, April 21, 1943, p. 3.)
  - (7) Cited as a Communist front.  
(Pennsylvania Commonwealth Counsel before the reviewing board of the Philadelphia County Board of Assistance, January 1942.)
2. The American Law Student Association was affiliated with the United Students Peace Committee of 347 Madison Avenue, New York City.
- (1) "The American Student Union \*\*\* announced that it set up the 'front' movement, the United Student Peace Committee, in 1938, which has brought into its front 17 national youth organizations."  
(Special Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, January 3, 1939, p. 80)
3. The American Law Students Association was affiliated with the American League Against War and Fascism
- (1) Cited as subversive and Communist.  
(Attorney General Tom Clark, letters to Loyalty Review Board, released December 4, 1947, and September 21, 1948.)
  - (2) A "Communist-front organization."  
(Attorney General Francis Biddle, in re Harry Bridges, May 28, 1942, p. 10)
  - (3) "Established in the United States in an effort to create public sentiment on behalf of a foreign policy adapted to the interests of the Soviet Union."  
(Attorney General Francis Biddle, Congressional Record, September 24, 1942, p. 7683)
  - (4) "The American League Against War and Fascism was organized at the First United States Congress Against War which was held in New York City, September 29 to October 1, 1933. Four years later at Pittsburgh, November 26-28, 1937, the name of the organization was changed to the American League for Peace and Democracy.\*\*\*It remained as completely under the control of Communists when the name was changed as it had been before."  
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Report March 29, 1944, p. 53; also cited in Reports, January 3, 1939, pp. 69 and 121; January 3, 1940, p. 10; June 25, 1942, p. 14.)



- (5) Hollywood unit cited as a Communist front.  
(California Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1943, p. 91.)
- (6) "The Communist Party has, since the inception of the League, been a component and controlling part of it." William Z. Foster, chairman of the Communist Party, admitted his party was "a vital factor" in the League.  
(Massachusetts House Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1938, pp. 298 and 460.)
- (7) Cooperated with the Communist Party in defense of Morris U. Schappes, Party member convicted of perjury.  
(Rapp-Coudert Committee, Report, 1942, p. 293.)
- (8) "The American League against War and Fascism, predecessor of the American League for Peace and Democracy, both described by Earl Browder as Communist transmission belts."  
(New York City Council Committee investigating the Municipal Civil Service Commission.)

4. The American Law Student's Association utilized the Communist Party print shop known as the Prompt Press, using union label 209.

CHINA AID COUNCIL (Mrs. Jessup member of Executive Committee)

1. "Cited as a Communist front and a subsidiary organization of the American League for Peace and Democracy."  
(California Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1948, pp. 151, 319, and 336.)
2. "Cited as a 'subsidiary' of the American League for Peace and Democracy."  
(Special Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, Report, June 25, 1942, p. 16)

\*\*\*\*\*

This case was presented to the Senate as a typical file covering those individuals whose cases were given to the Senate by Senator McCarthy. The name of the individual involved was deleted because of the position that McCarthy has always taken that no individual should be publicly named until he has had the opportunity to present his defense. The names of informants have also been deleted as well as all other information which might in any way hamper further investigation by the F.B.I.

121-23278-240

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA  
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 26

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